1		The Honorable Robert S. Lasnik
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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE	
8	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
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10	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
11	Plaintiff,	NO. CR16-325 RSL
12		GOVERNMENT'S MEMORANDUM
13	V.	ON RESENTENCING
14	ROBERT VEDEROFF,	
15	Defendant.	
16		
17	Robert Vederoff comes before the Court for resentencing after the United States	
18	Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit held that his prior convictions for Murder in the	
19	Second Degree and Assault in the Second Degree (with a Deadly Weapon) were not	
20	"crimes of violence" under the Sentencing Guidelines.	
21	As this Court knows, 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) requires a sentencing judge to consider,	
22	in addition to the sentencing guideline range: (1) the nature and circumstances of the	
23	offense; (2) the history and characteristics of the defendant; (3) the need for the sentence	
24	to reflect the seriousness of the offense, promote respect for the law, and provide just	
25	punishment; (4) the need to afford adequate deterrence; (5) the need to protect the public;	
26	(6) the need for rehabilitation; and (7) the kinds of sentences available. In consideration	
27	of those factors, specifically a balance of the seriousness of the offense and Mr. Vederoff's criminal history against his positive strides toward rehabilitation, the United	
28	vederoff's criminal history against his positive str	ides toward renabilitation, the United

States recommends a sentence of 42 months' imprisonment followed by three years of supervised release.

This Court previously balanced the § 3553(a) factors in this case and determined that "the right sentence is a five-year prison term," which the Court imposed as "either a departure downward from a range that's too high or a departure upward from a range that's too low." (Dkt. 31 at pp. 22-23.) One of the significant factors that the Court considered was the nature of Mr. Vederoff's criminal history. Regardless of whether murder and assault with a deadly weapon are categorically considered "crimes of violence" under the Sentencing Guidelines, it is generally more serious for a person to unlawfully possess a firearm after having been convicted of a violent crime. In those circumstances, the risk that the firearm will be used to commit another violent crime is higher, meaning that the danger to the public is more acute.¹

The seriousness of Mr. Vederoff's criminal history and risk of recidivism notwithstanding, it is also appropriate for the Court to consider his post-conviction rehabilitation, as described in Probation's Recommendations for Resentencing. *Pepper v. United States*, 562 U.S. 476, 490 (2011). Based on the information provided, Mr. Vederoff's positive behavior and proactive efforts to avail himself of programming while incarcerated appear to exceed that of other defendants who would otherwise be considered similarly situated.

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¹ United States Sentencing Commission: Recidivism Among Federal Violent Offenders (finding that "violent offenders generally recidivate more quickly and at a higher rate compared to most other offenders") (available at: https://www.ussc.gov/sites/default/files/pdf/research-and-publications/research-

28 publications/2019/20190124 Recidivism Violence.pdf).

1	For the foregoing reasons, the United States respectfully asks the Court to	
$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	sentence Mr. Vederoff to 42 months in custody, followed by three (3) years of supervised	
3	release.	
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5	DATED this 13 th day of June, 2019.	
6	Respectfully submitted,	
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8	BRIAN T. MORAN United States Attorney	
9	g/ Iossiaa M. Manaa	
10	<u>s/ Jessica M. Manca</u> JESSICA M. MANCA	
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on June 13, 2019, I have electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system that will send notification of such filing to the attorney of record for the defendant.

s/ Jessica M. Manca

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